



Influence of cell wall pectic fraction modification on Cadmium stress capacities

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Abstract

Pectin MethylEsterases (PME) catalyze the hydrolysis of the C6 Galacturonic Acid (GalA) methylester group present in newly synthesized HomoGalacturonans (HG) [1]. Analysis of recent literature suggests a potential role for pectin demethylesterification in the plant's response to nutritional stresses such as nitrogen and phosphorus [2, 3, 4] or metal stresses such as cadmium and aluminum [5, 6, 7]. This is evidenced by changes in PME activity under these conditions. These observations raise the question of whether pectin methylesterification rate is involved in the apoplastic transport and translocation of ions in both root and aerial plant tissues.

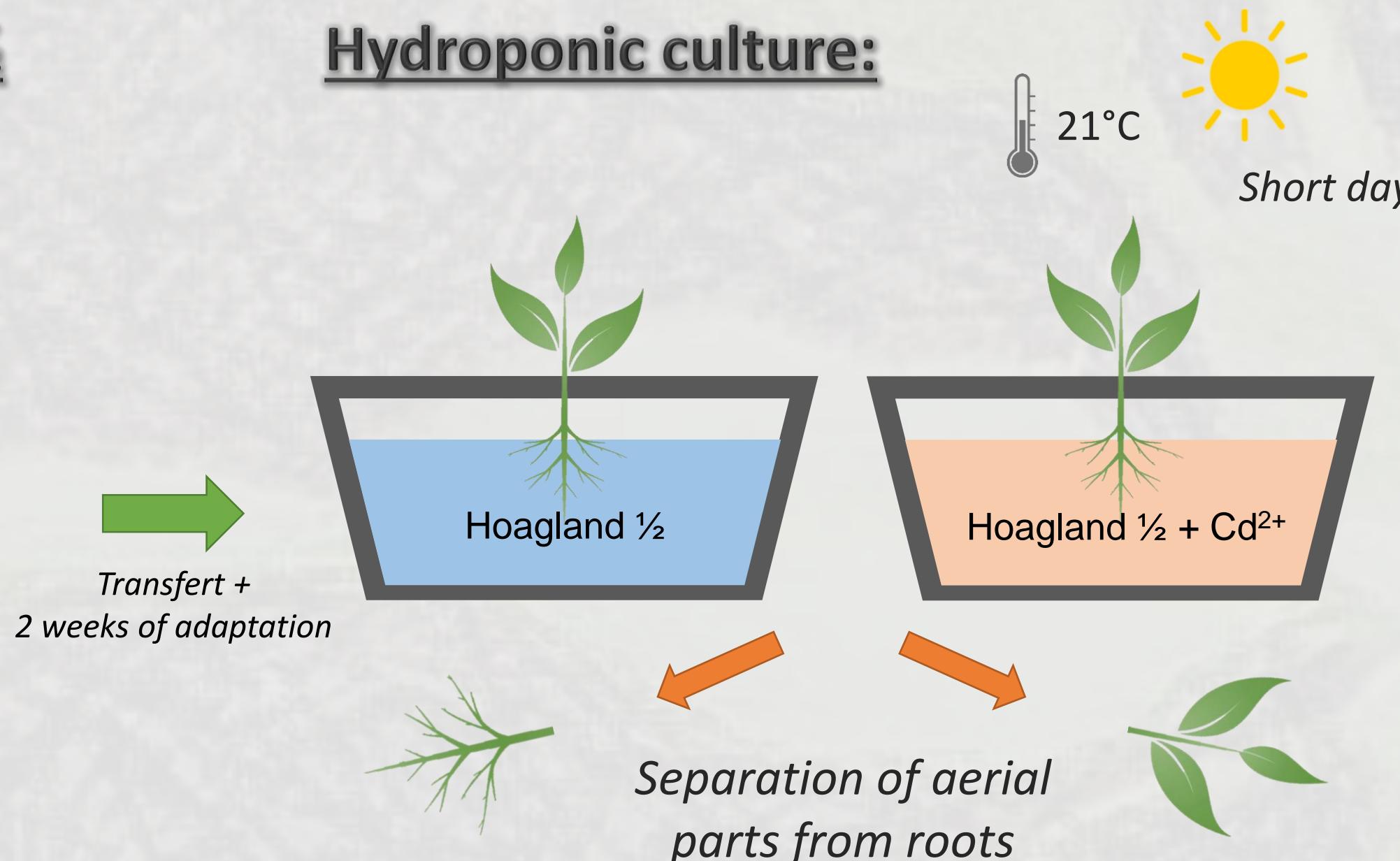
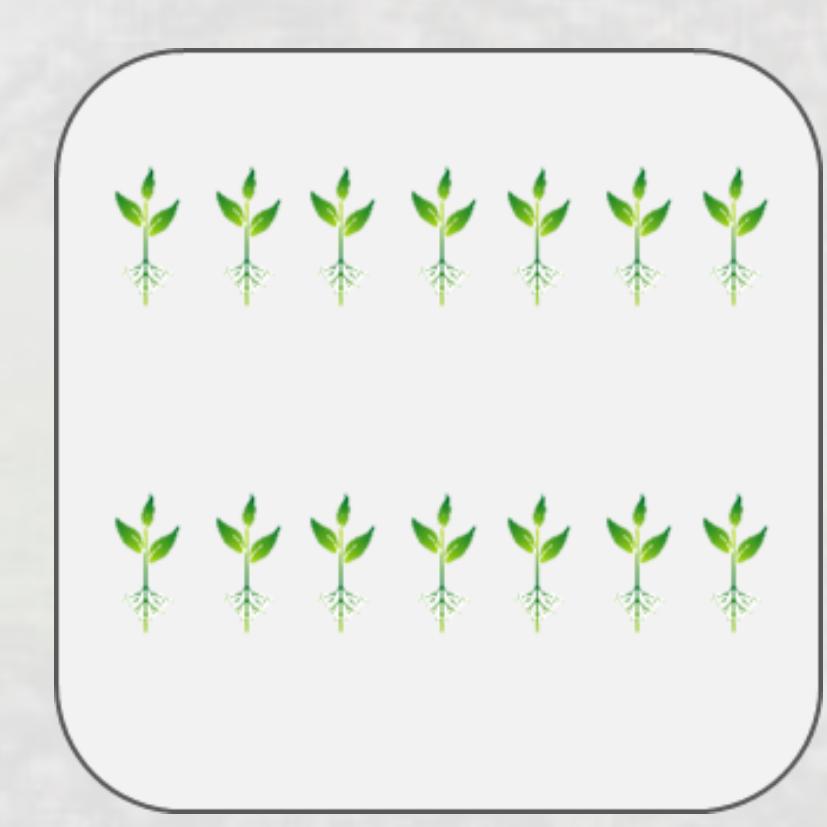
Objective

Assess how modifications to the cell wall pectic fraction impact the absorption and translocation of cadmium within *Arabidopsis thaliana*

Results

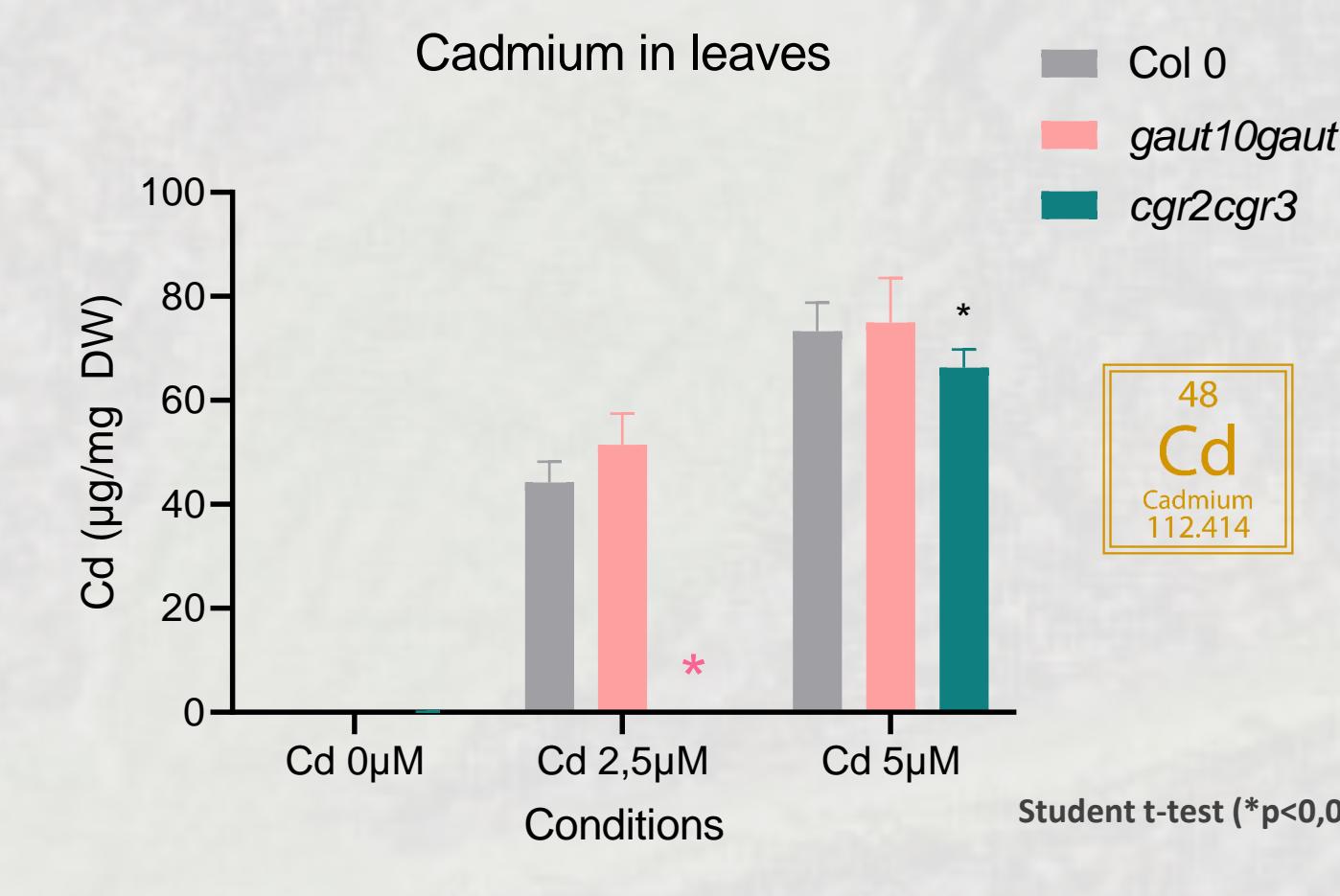
1 Impact of modifications on the absorption and transport of Cadmium

Pre-culture on MS ½ (WT + mutants):



→ Cell wall analysis + measurement of different ions quantity in plant tissues (sugar composition of cell wall, quantification of metal ions)

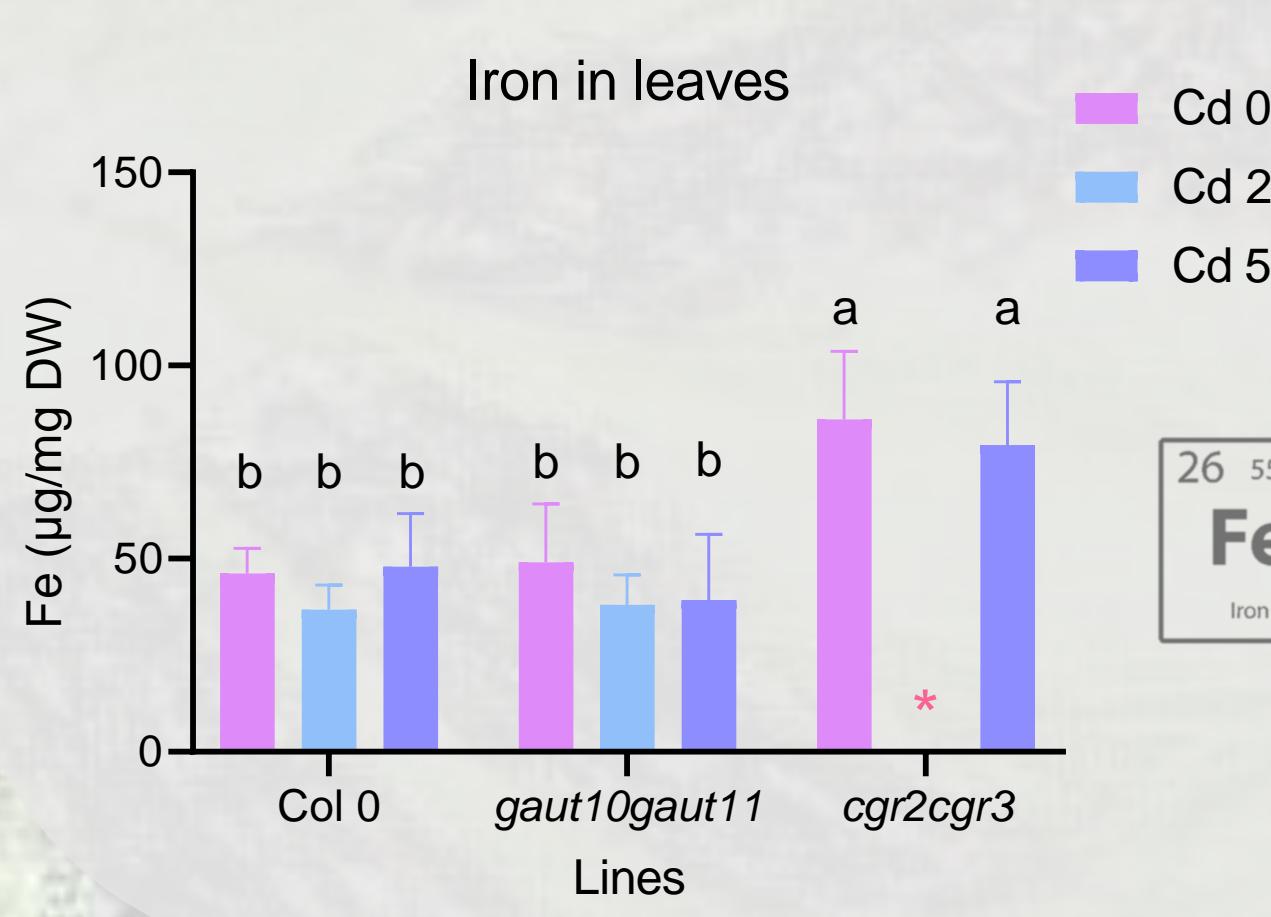
3 Accumulation of cadmium in leaves



➤ Significant ↓ of Cadmium in cgr2cgr3 mutant compared to Col 0

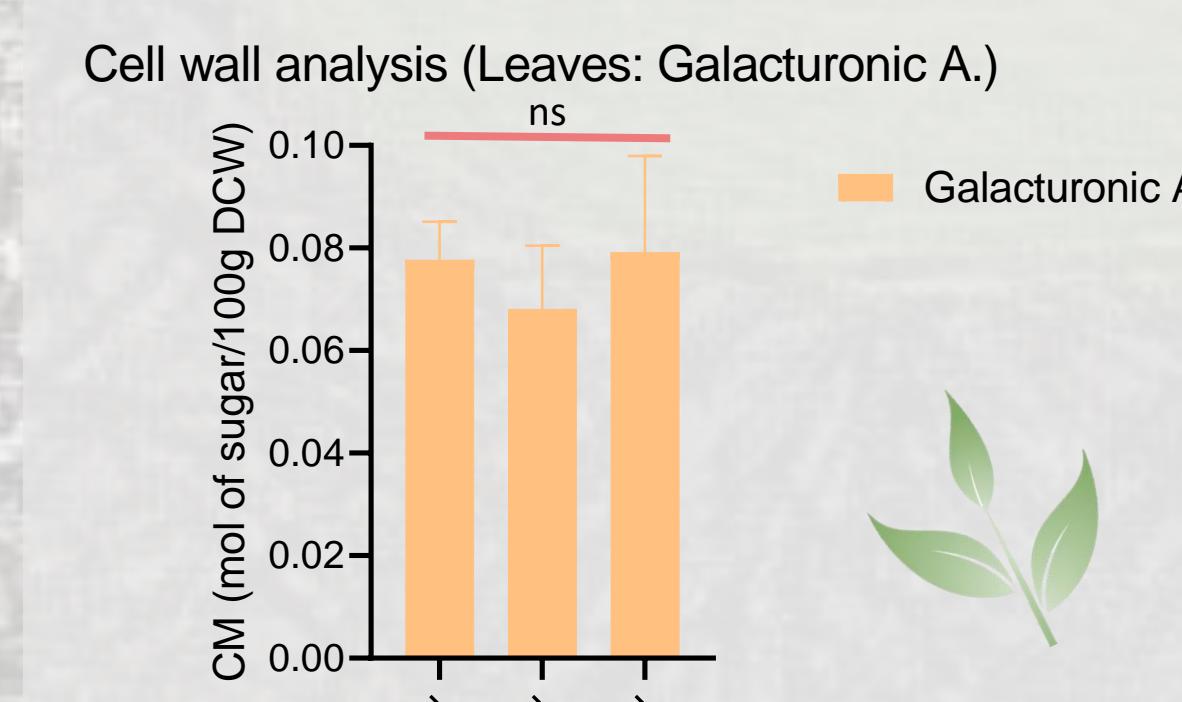
➤ Significant ↑ of Copper and Iron in cgr2cgr3 mutant compared to Col 0

➤ No significant difference between Col 0 and gaut10gaut11



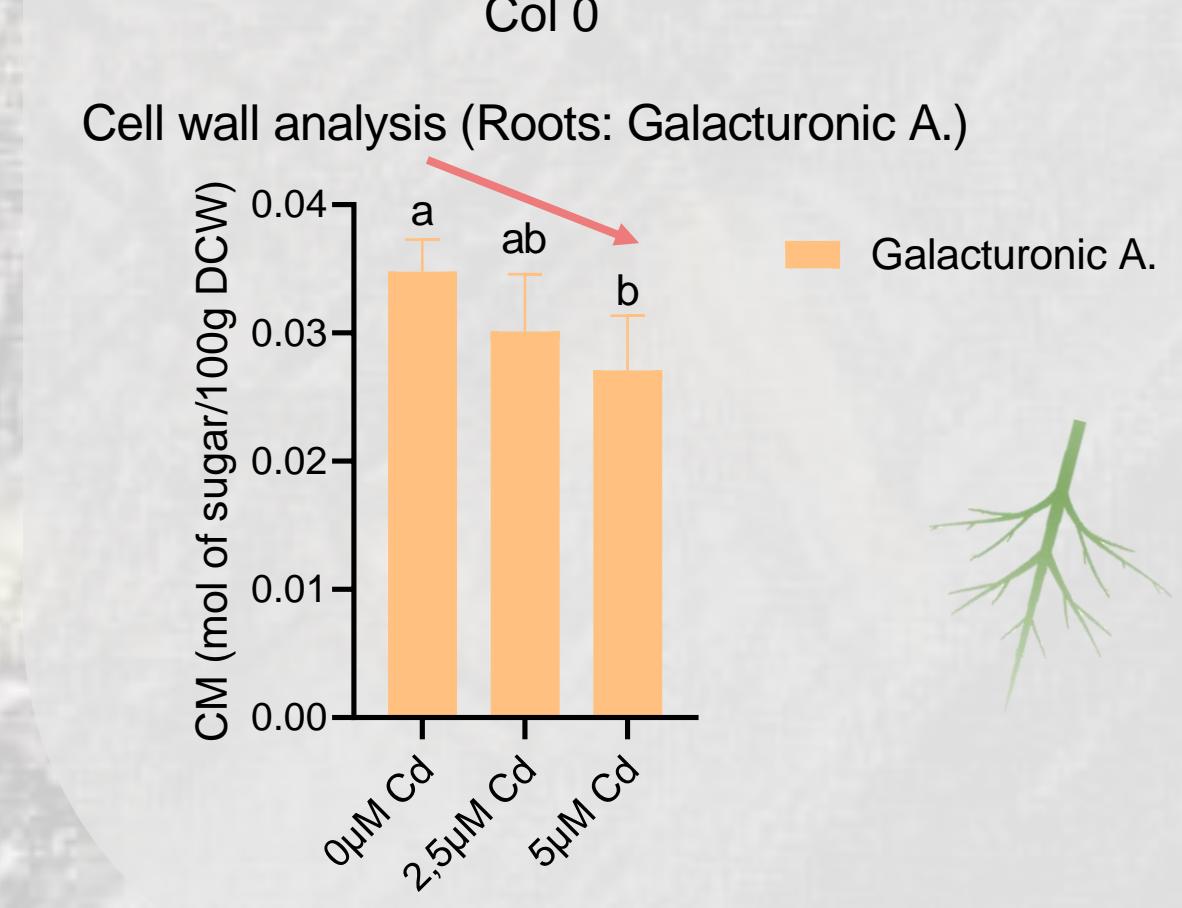
Significant differences (letters) were determined according to one-way ANOVA followed by a multiple comparison with Tukey's test

4 Effect of Cadmium on cell wall composition

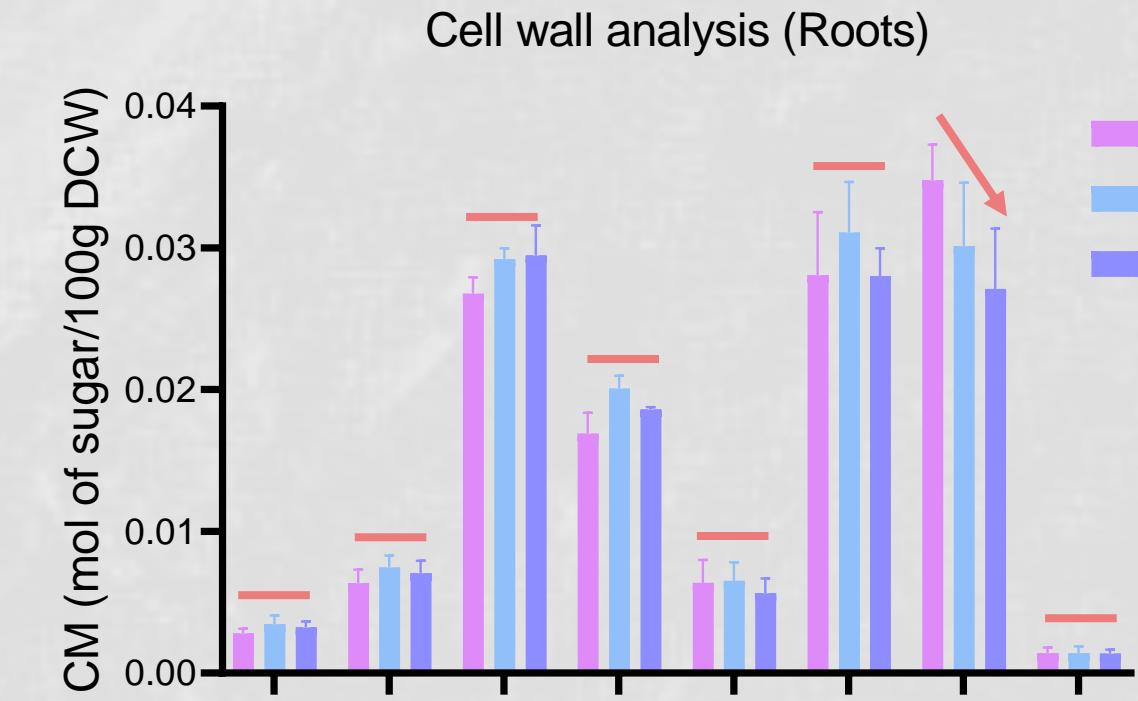


➤ Significant ↓ of Gal A on WT as Cd concentration ↑ : in roots only

➤ Other cell wall components (roots or leaves) remain unchanged between cadmium conditions



Significant differences (letters) were determined according to one-way ANOVA followed by a multiple comparison with Tukey's test



2 Characterization of *A. thaliana* cell wall mutants

Double mutant gaut10gaut11

(GAUctUronosyl Transferase → synthesis of HG)

- Ø visible phenotypic difference between gaut10gaut11 and Col 0
- Lower amount of GalA in cell wall (obtained by F. Sénéchal and P. Trezel : BioEcoAgro)



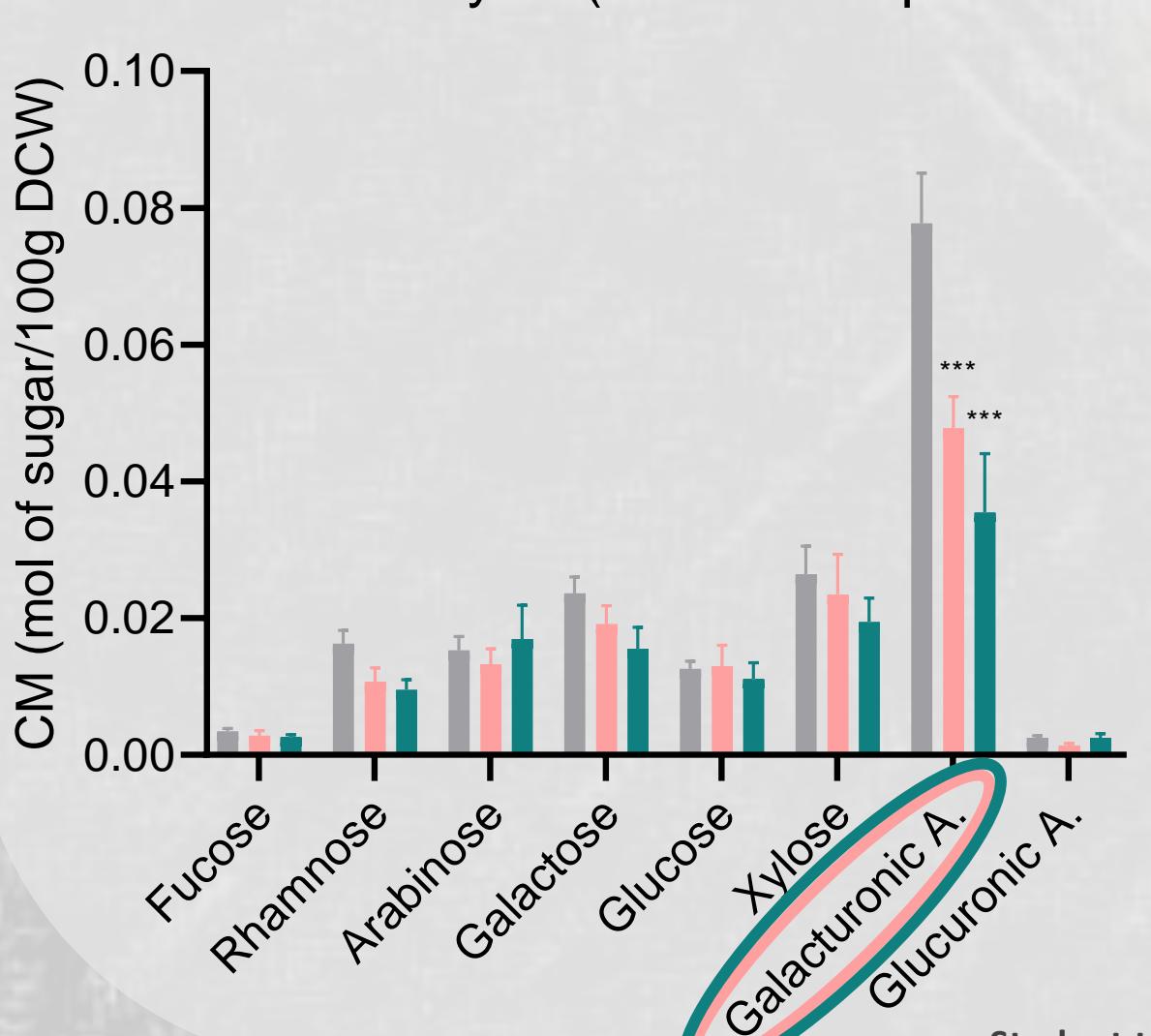
Double mutant cgr2cgr3

(HG MethylTransferase → HG methylesterification)

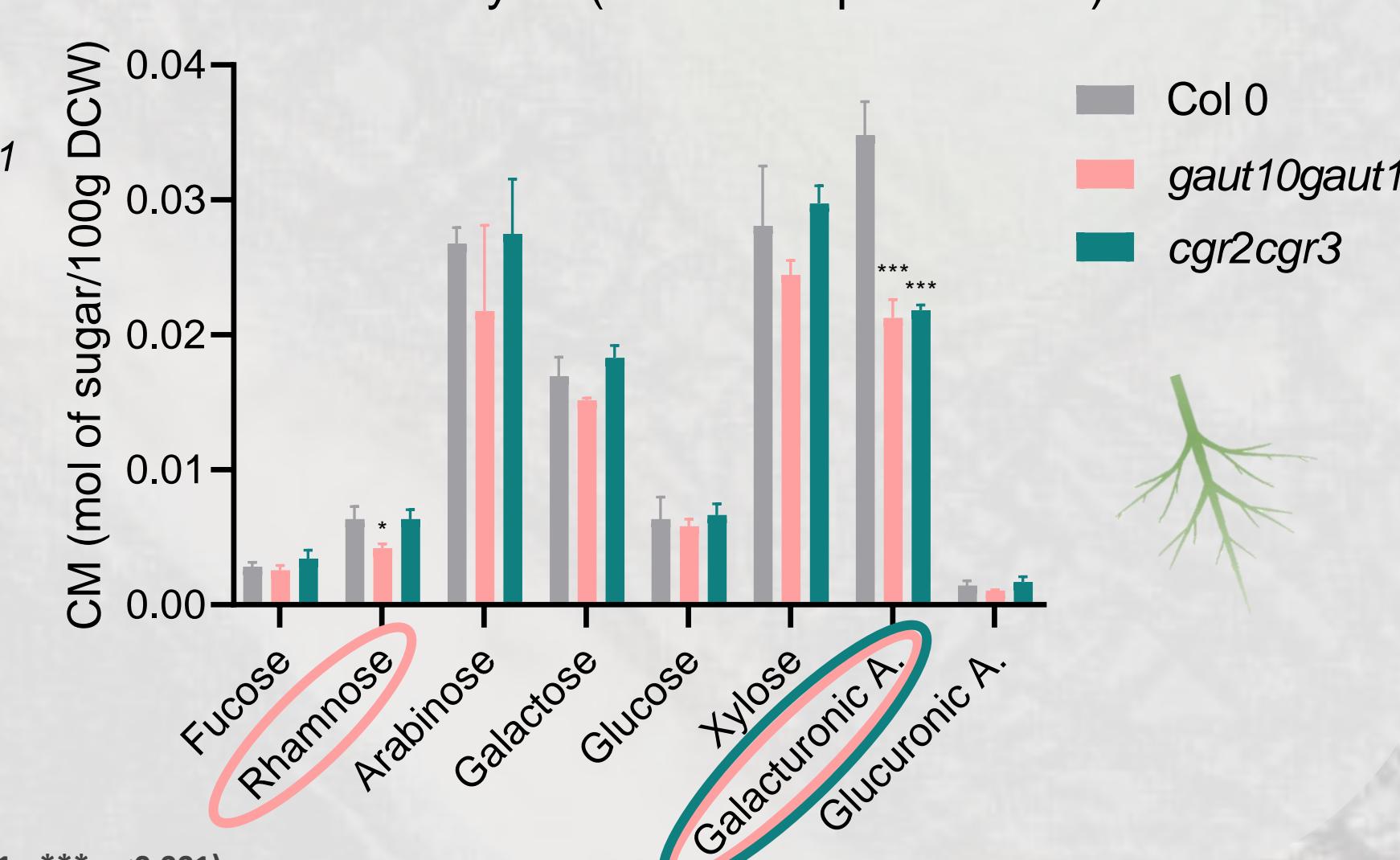
- Growth ↓ (Dwarf phenotype)
- Early appearance of inflorescence
- Defect in siliques formation
- Lower methylesterification rate (Kim et al. 2015)

Obtained thanks to F. Brandizzi

Cell wall analysis (Leaves at 0 μM of Cd²⁺)



Cell Wall analysis (Roots at 0 μM of Cd²⁺)



Conclusions

- gaut10gaut11 mutant did show a significant decrease of GalA in addition to a decrease of Rhamnose
- Cadmium stress induces a decrease in GalA content in roots cell wall
- Metallic ions accumulation in cgr2cgr3 leaves, whatever condition, suggests that lower methylesterification level results in cation accumulation
- Upon cadmium stress, accumulation of cadmium in cgr2cgr3 mutants is slightly decreased. Which can be explained by an overload of cell wall by other ions as shown by copper and iron hyperaccumulation

Perspectives

- Plants overexpressing a fungal PME [8] in different tissues will be tested to confirm importance of methylesterification rate under cadmium stress conditions
- Cadmium accumulation kinetics and the effect of cadmium on cell wall modifications will be tested
- Influence of cadmium on root architecture will be tested on different mutants
- Capacity of cell wall to bind cadmium will be tested using extracted cell wall from different mutants
- PME and PMEi genes expression upon cadmium stress will be measured using RT-qPCR

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